

Cambridge IGCSE[™]

CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES

0654/11

Paper 1 Multiple Choice (Core)

October/November 2020

45 minutes

You must answer on the multiple choice answer sheet.

You will need: Multiple choice answer sheet

Soft clean eraser

Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

INSTRUCTIONS

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions.

- For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**. Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the multiple choice answer sheet.
- Follow the instructions on the multiple choice answer sheet.
- Write in soft pencil.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number on the multiple choice answer sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.
- Do not use correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You may use a calculator.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 40.
- Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer.
- Any rough working should be done on this question paper.
- The Periodic Table is printed in the question paper.



This document has 16 pages. Blank pages are indicated.

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[Turn over

1 Lions are carnivores that chase, catch and eat zebra.

While still chasing zebra, which characteristic of living organisms is **not** exhibited by the lion?

- **A** movement
- **B** nutrition
- **C** respiration
- **D** sensitivity
- 2 Which structure in a plant cell makes organic nutrients?
 - A cell membrane
 - B cell wall
 - **C** chloroplast
 - **D** nucleus
- 3 Nutrient molecules are made up from smaller molecules. Nutrients can be identified by food tests.

Which row is true for a protein?

	smaller molecules	test which gives a positive result
Α	amino acids	Benedict's test
В	amino acids	biuret test
С	sugars	Benedict's test
D	sugars	biuret test

4 A mixture of starch and saliva was set up at four different temperatures. Each mixture was tested with iodine solution after 15 minutes and again after 30 minutes.

The results are shown in the table.

temperature	colour with ic	dine solution
/°C	15 minutes	30 minutes
0	blue-black	blue-black
15	blue-black	brown
35	brown	brown
95	blue-black	blue-black

What do the results suggest?

- **A** The enzyme in saliva is inactive at 95 °C.
- **B** The enzyme in saliva is slow to work at 35 °C.
- **C** The enzyme in saliva works equally well at 15 °C and 35 °C.
- **D** The enzyme in saliva works faster at higher temperatures.
- 5 Which are the products of photosynthesis in a green plant?
 - A carbon dioxide and water
 - B glucose and carbon dioxide
 - C oxygen and glucose
 - D oxygen and water
- 6 Which are minerals?
 - 1 calcium
 - 2 fibre
 - 3 iron
 - **A** 1 only **B** 1 and 3 only **C** 2 and 3 only **D** 1, 2 and 3

7 Under which conditions will transpiration from a plant be fastest?

	temperature	humidity
Α	high	high
В	high	low
С	low	high
D	low	low

8	Which	process	uses	energy?
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- A cell division
- **B** diffusion
- C osmosis
- **D** respiration

9 A plant shoot grows towards a light source.

This is an example of what?

- **A** gravitropism
- **B** homeostasis
- **C** transpiration
- D phototropism

10 What is produced by the fusion of the nuclei of two gametes?

- A embryo
- **B** fetus
- **C** ovum
- **D** zygote

11 Which term is used to describe an individual with two of the same allele for a characteristic?

- A genotype
- **B** heterozygous
- C homozygous
- **D** phenotype

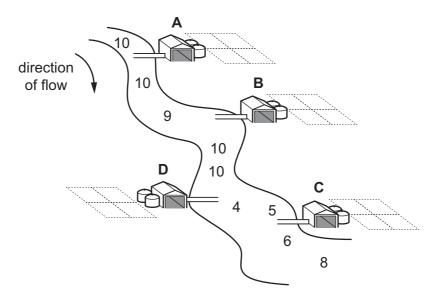
12 The diagram shows a food chain.

grass
$$\rightarrow$$
 rabbit \rightarrow fox \rightarrow flea

Which statement is correct?

- A The grass is a primary consumer.
- **B** The rabbit is a secondary consumer.
- **C** The fox is a tertiary consumer.
- **D** The flea is a tertiary consumer.
- **13** The diagram shows a river and four farms. The numbers in the river show relative oxygen concentrations.

From which farm is untreated sewage leaking into the river?



14 Atoms are the smallest parts of1.....

When atoms of the same type chemically join together, a2..... is formed.

When different types of atom chemically join together, they form3......

Which words complete gaps 1, 2 and 3?

	1	2	3
Α	elements	molecule	compounds
В	elements	molecule	mixtures
С	molecules	compound	mixtures
D	molecules	mixture	compounds

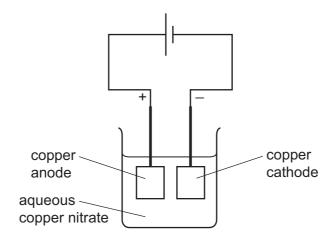
15 A sample of water is contaminated with insoluble chalk and a soluble salt.

Which two processes are used to separate the water from the chalk and salt?

- A distillation and chromatography
- **B** distillation and crystallisation
- **C** filtration and chromatography
- **D** filtration and crystallisation
- **16** Which row describes a covalent compound?

	solubility in water	volatility
Α	high	low
В	high	high
С	low	low
D	low	high

17 The diagram shows an electroplating experiment.



Which row shows the change in mass of each electrode?

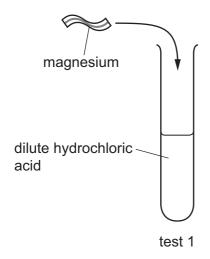
	anode	cathode
Α	decrease	decrease
В	decrease	increase
С	increase	decrease
D	increase	increase

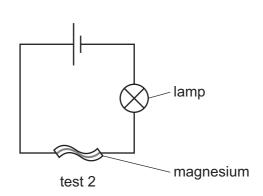
- 18 Which statement describes the meaning of exothermic?
 - A Heat energy is given out.
 - **B** Heat energy is taken in.
 - C Oxygen is given out.
 - **D** Oxygen is taken in.
- 19 Which word equation represents a redox reaction?
 - A carbon + copper oxide → copper + carbon dioxide
 - **B** hydrochloric acid + potassium hydroxide → potassium chloride + water
 - **C** magnesium carbonate → magnesium oxide + carbon dioxide
 - **D** sodium sulfate + barium nitrate → barium sulfate + sodium nitrate
- **20** Which chemical test does **not** produce a precipitate?
 - A carbon dioxide and limewater
 - **B** carbonate ions and dilute hydrochloric acid
 - **C** chloride ions and aqueous silver nitrate
 - **D** copper(II) ions and aqueous sodium hydroxide
- **21** Potassium is in Group I of the Periodic Table.

What is a property of potassium?

- A It does not react with water.
- **B** It is a liquid.
- C It is a non-metal.
- **D** It is a soft metal.
- **22** Which property is **not** shown by transition elements?
 - A They can act as catalysts.
 - **B** They form coloured compounds.
 - **C** They have high melting points.
 - **D** They have low densities.

23 Magnesium is tested as shown.





Which row shows the results of the tests?

	test 1	test 2
Α	bubbles	lamp does not light
В	bubbles	lamp lights
С	no bubbles	lamp does not light
D	no bubbles	lamp lights

24 Which gas is an acidic pollutant in air?

- **A** argon
- B carbon monoxide
- **C** sulfur dioxide
- **D** water vapour

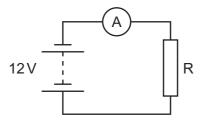
25 Which process does **not** produce carbon dioxide?

- A acid reacting with a metal
- B acid reacting with sodium carbonate
- C complete combustion of methane
- **D** respiration

						9				
26	Me	thane is a cova	lent c	ompound.						
	Wh	ich statement a	bout	methane is	correct?					
	Α	It conducts ele	ectrici	ty.						
	В	It is a gas at ro	om t	emperature.						
	С	It is an unsatu	rated	hydrocarbo	n.					
	D	It is formed fro	m a ı	metal and a	non-met	al.				
27	Pol	y(ethene) is ma	ide fr	om ethene b	y the pro	ocess of ad	dition pol	ymerisatio	n.	
	Wh	ich word descri	bes e	ethene in this	process	s?				
	Α	fuel								
	В	catalyst								
	С	monomer								
	D	solvent								
28	A n	nan climbs up a	verti	cal cliff that i	s 60 m h	igh. He tak	es two ho	ours to read	ch the top.	
	Wh	at is the averag	je vei	tical speed	of the ma	an?				
	Α	0.0083m/s								
	В	0.50 m/s								
	С	30 m/s								
	D	120 m/s								
29	A h	iker has a mass	s of 8	0 kg and is o	arrying a	a bag of ma	ass 9.0 kg			
	The	e gravitational fi	eld st	trength <i>g</i> is 1	10 N/kg.					
	Wh	at is the combir	ned w	eight of the	hiker an	d her bag?				
	Α	89 kg	В	89 N	С	890 kg	D	890 N		
30	Ele	ctricity is gener	ated	in power sta	tions. Ma	any power s	stations u	se steam t	o drive turbir	ies.
	Wh	ich type of pow	er sta	ation does n e	ot use st	eam?				
	Α	chemical ener	av (fu	uel) power st	ations					
	В	geothermal en	•••	, .						
	С	hydroelectric e	•	•						
	D	nuclear energy	•	• .						

31	Wh	ch material is a bad thermal conductor?
	Α	aluminium
	В	brass
	С	copper
	D	wood
32	An	bject is placed in front of a plane mirror.
	Wh	t are the characteristics of the image formed?
	Α	same size as the object and inverted top to bottom
	В	same size as the object and laterally inverted (left to right)
	С	smaller than the object and inverted top to bottom
	D	smaller than the object and laterally inverted (left to right)
33		ch list consists of three regions of the electromagnetic spectrum in order of increasing lency (lowest first)?
	Α	microwaves, radio waves, ultraviolet waves
	В	microwaves, ultraviolet waves, radio waves
	С	radio waves, microwaves, ultraviolet waves
	D	ultraviolet waves, radio waves, microwaves
34		orker in a quarry stands 0.90 km away from an explosion. She sees the explosion 3.0 s before nears the sound of the explosion.
	Usi	g this information, what value can be determined for the speed of sound?
	A	300 m/s B 600 m/s C 2700 m/s D 5400 m/s
25	1 h	r of poff iron and a har of steel are hold in contact with a strong magnet
35		r of soft iron and a bar of steel are held in contact with a strong magnet.
	Bot	bars become magnetised.
	The	two bars are now moved away from the magnet.
	Wh	ch statement about the bars is correct?
	A	Both bars easily lose their magnetism.
	В	Neither of the bars easily loses its magnetism.
	С	The soft iron bar easily loses its magnetism but the steel bar retains its magnetism.
	D	The steel bar easily loses its magnetism but the soft iron bar retains its magnetism.

36 A resistor R is connected to a 12 V battery and an ammeter as shown.

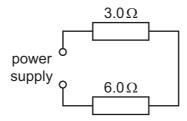


The ammeter reads 6.0 A.

What is the resistance of resistor R?

- **A** $0.50\,\Omega$
- **B** 2.0Ω
- \mathbf{C} 18 Ω
- **D** 72Ω

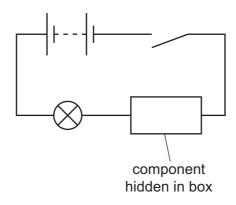
37 A $3.0\,\Omega$ resistor and a $6.0\,\Omega$ resistor are connected to a power supply as shown.



What is the combined resistance of the two resistors?

- $\mathbf{A} \quad 2.0 \,\Omega$
- **B** 4.5Ω
- \mathbf{C} 9.0 Ω
- **D** 18Ω

38 The series circuit shown includes a single component hidden in a box. The switch is open.



The switch is now closed and the lamp lights briefly before going off.

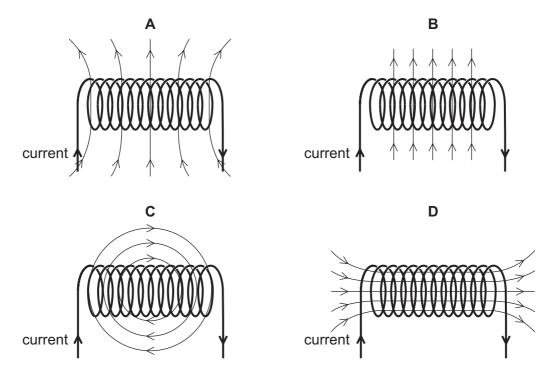
The switch is now opened, and then closed again. This time the lamp does **not** light.

Which symbol represents the component in the box?



39 A solenoid carrying a current produces a magnetic field.

Which diagram shows the magnetic field pattern?



- **40** Which type of radiation has the greatest ionising effect?
 - A infrared rays
 - **B** α -particles
 - **C** β -particles
 - **D** γ-rays

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The Periodic Table of Elements

≣>	2	e H	helium 4	10	Ne	neon 20	18	Ā	argon 40	36	궃	krypton 84	54	Xe	xenon 131	98	R	radon			
₹				6	ш	fluorine 19	17	Cl	chlorine 35.5	35	ğ	bromine 80	53	П	iodine 127	85	¥	astatine -			
5				80	0	oxygen 16	16	S	sulfur 32	34	Se	selenium 79	52	Б	tellurium 128	84	Ъ	polonium —	116		livermorium -
>				7	z	nitrogen 14	15	۵	phosphorus 31	33	As	arsenic 75	51	Sp	antimony 122	83	Ξ	bismuth 209			
≥				9	ပ	carbon 12	41	S	silicon 28	32	Ge	germanium 73	90	Sn	tin 119	82	Pb	lead 207	114	F1	flerovium
≡				2	Ω	boron 11	13	Αl	aluminium 27	31	Ga	gallium 70	49	П	indium 115	81	11	thallium 204			
										30	Zu	zinc 65	48	В	cadmium 112	80	βĤ	mercury 201	112	ű	copemicium –
										29	n	copper 64	47	Ag	silver 108	79	Au	gold 197	111	Rg	roentgenium -
										28	z	nickel 59	46	Pq	palladium 106	78	宀	platinum 195	110	Ds	darmstadtium -
										27	ဝိ	cobalt 59	45	몬	rhodium 103	77	'n	iridium 192	109	¥	meitnerium -
	- :	I	hydrogen 1							26	Ь	iron 56	44	Ru	ruthenium 101	9/	SO	osmium 190	108	Hs	hassium -
				J						25	Mn	manganese 55	43	ည	technetium -	75	Re	rhenium 186	107	Bh	bohrium –
					loc	SS				24				Mo	molybdenum 96	74	≯	tungsten 184	106	Sg	seaborgium -
			Key	tomic number	mic symk	name tive atomic ma				23	>	vanadium 51	41	qN	niobium 93	73	<u>ra</u>	tantalum 181	105	Op	dubnium -
				60	ato	rela				22	j	titanium 48	40	Zr	zirconium 91	72	Έ	hafnium 178	104	꿆	rutherfordium -
							_			21	လွ	scandium 45	39	>	yttrium 89	57–71	lanthanoids		89–103	actinoids	
=				4	Be	beryllium 9	12	Mg	magnesium 24	20	Ca	calcium 40	38	ഗ്	strontium 88	56	Ba	barium 137	88	Ra	radium
-				3	:=	lithium 7	7	Na	sodium 23	19	¥	potassium 39	37	&	rubidium 85	55	Cs	caesium 133	87	ъ.	francium -
				11 1V V VI VIII VII VIII VIII	III IV V VI VII VI	II	III IV VI VII H	II	III IV VI VII H	III IV VI VII Hatch Hatc	II	II	II IV VI VII V	II	II	11 11 11 12 14 14 14 15 14 15 15 15	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	The control of the

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		υ	3.1	62	63	64	65	99	29	89	69	70	71
PZ	PZ		Pm	Sm	En	gq	Tp	Dy	웃	Щ	Tm	Υp	Γſ
neodymium p	neodymium p	ā.	romethium -	samarium 150	europium 152	gadolinium 157	terbium 159	dysprosium 163	holmium 165	erbium 167	thulium 169	ytterbium 173	lutetium 175
92	92		93	94	98	96	97	86	66	100	101	102	103
Pa	⊃		dN	Pu	Am	CB	益	ర్	Es	Fm	Md	8	۲
uranium	uranium	ne	otunium	plutonium	americium	curium	berkelium	californium	einsteinium	ferminm	mendelevium	nobelium	lawrencium
238	238		ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	I	ı

The volume of one mole of any gas is 24 dm³ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).